OCEAN GALES AND STORMS, JUNE, 1928

							-, <u>-</u>	,					
Vessel	Vo	yage		at time of earometer	Gale	Time of lowest	Gale	Low-	Direc- tion of wind	Direction and force of wind at	Direc- tion of wind	Highest force of	Shifts of wind near time of
	From-	То—	Latitude	Longi- tude	began	barometer	ended	barom- eter	when gale began	time of lowest barometer	when gale ended	wind and direction	lowest barometer
NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN			. ,	• /				Inches					
Saucon, Am. S. S	Valencia, Spain.	New York	40 20 N.	18 31 W.	June 2	8p, 3	June 4		88W	WNW.,7.	WNW.	SW., 9	ssw. wnw.
Steel Worker, Am. S. S. Sylvafield, Br. M. S. Abercos, Am. S. S. Hamburg, Ger. S. S. Nieuw Amsterdam, Du.	New York Canal Zone London Channel Rotterdam	Port Said Hamburg Galveston New York dodo	38 46 N. 48 26 N. 49 20 N. 43 47 N. 41 41 N.	24 49 W. 16 14 W. 8 32 W. 42 25 W. 46 18 W.	7 8 8 14 15	7p, 7 3p, 8 11a, 9 8a, 14 3a, 15	10 15	28.74	S. ENE. S. SE. WNW.	SSW., 9 NE., 9 S., 10 SSE., 8 NW., 7	WSW SW NW NW	, 9 N., 9 S., 10 SSE., 10 WNW., 9.	SSW. WSW. NE. NNW. Steady. SE. SSW.
08. S. Arminco, Belg. S. S	Port Arthur.	Mediterra-	37 50 N.	30 09 W.	15	11p, 15	16	29. 84	s	88W., 8	wsw	8., 9	s. wsw.
Mercer, Am. S. S. Gonzenbeim, Ger. S. S. Rathlin Head, Br. S. S. Lubrafol, Belg. S. S. Columbus, Ger. S. S. Gulfking, Am. S. S. NORTH PACIFIC	Rotterdam Emden Bremen Port Arthur Plymouth Beverly, Mass	nean. New York Portland, Me. Montreal Hamburg New York Port Arthur	47 15 N. 50 00 N. 58 44 N. 48 37 N. 49 45 N. 38 00 N.	31 00 W. 22 10 W. 19 30 W. 19 45 W. 11 17 W. 70 51 W.	20 20 22 24 25 30	9p, 20 4p, 20 , 22 2p, 24 4p, 25 4a, 30	22 22 25 26	29. 25	WSW S WNW. SE S SSW	, 9 S., 7 NNW., 9 SE., 10 W., 8 SSW., 8	SW NNW.	W., 10 , 9 8., 10	WSW. W. SE. S. W. SW. WNW. Steady.
OCEAN													
Hayo Maru, Jap. S. S. California, Am. S. S. Nors, Am. S. S. Eldridge, Am. S. S. Calmar, Am. S. S. Canadian Miller, Br. S. S. Crosskeys, Am. S. S. Silvercedar, Br. M. S. Pacific Commerce, Br. M. S. Akibasan Maru, Jap. S. S SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN	Muroran Portland San Pedro Philippines San Pedro Union Bay Dairen Philippines Yokohama	Vancouver Aomori, Japan Balboa Puget Sound. Balboa Panama. San Francisco Portland. San Francisco	13 45 N. 19 30 N. 17 06 N. 19 04 N. 45 25 N. 41 54 N. 40 56 N.	150 34 E. 178 40 W. 95 14 W. 127 18 E. 100 26 W. 105 13 W. 172 15 W. 167 18 W. 152 40 E.	4 5 13 16 17 22 22 25 28	4p, 4	5 13 17 17 23 26	29. 03 29. 57 29. 23	NNE NE ESE ESE ESE ESE	N., 8 SSE., 7 S., 5 NW., 5 ESE., 7 SE. S., 6 SSW., 8 NNW., 9 ENE., 9	NNW SSE SW	N., 9 SSE., 9 SE., 10 NW., 8 SW., 8 SE., 8 NE., 9 SSW., 9 NNW., 9	NNEN. Steady. NESESW. NWSW. ESESW. SEE. Steady. ENENNW.
Sonoma, Am. S. S.	San Francisco	Sydney	33 25 S.	152 00 E.	14	—., 14		29. 24	SSE	SSE., 11			Steady.

NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN

By WILLIS E. HURD ,

The center of the Aleutian cyclone, which had been situated for several months over the northwestern waters of the Gulf of Alaska, drifted to the westward, and in June lay over the middle Aleutians, lowest average pressure 29.80 inches, at Dutch Harbor. Over most of the region usually more or less subject to the influence of this great depression, the barometric average this month was practically normal, except at Dutch Harbor, where it was a fifth of an inch below.

The North Pacific anticyclone was stable and highly developed throughout the month, central near 40° N., 145° W.

Pressure data for several island and American coast stations in west longitudes are given in the following table:

Table 1.—Averages, departures, and extremes of atmospheric pressure at sea level at indicated hours, North Pacific Ocean, June, 1928

Stations	Average pressure	De- parture from normal	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date
Dutch Harbor ¹ St. Paul ^{1 3} Kodiak ¹ Midway Island ^{1 3} Honolulu ⁴ Tatoosh Island ^{4 5} San Francisco ^{4 4} San Diego ^{4 5}	30. 03 30. 01 30. 03 30. 02	Inch -0. 19 -0. 03 -0. 03 -0. 04 -0. 03 +0. 02 -0. 03 -0. 06 -0. 02	Inches 30. 28 30. 36 30. 36 30. 28 30. 09 30. 27 30. 23 30. 03 29. 96	26th 28th 6th 6 2d 9th 7th 5th 14th	Inches 29. 06 29. 24 29. 54 29. 72 29. 87 29. 73 29. 76 29. 64 29. 73	24th. 24th. 24th. 7th. 6th. 11th. 20th. 18th. 17th.

P. m. observations only. For 29 days. For 27 days.

Although fewer gales, exceeding force 8, occurred in June than in May, yet the number of days with gales increased, especially over the middle portion of the upper steamship routes, owing to the unusual energy, for the season, of the cyclone over the central Aleutians. Most of the gales, however, were of a very moderate character, only a small number exceeding 8 in force, and none of them exceeding force 10. Moderate gales occurred along the California and Oregon coasts on the 12th, 17th, and

18th, due to intensification of the gradients existing there between the oceanic anticyclone and the low-pressure region over the continent.

Several depressions, or cyclones, of no great energy some tropical and others of continental origin, appeared over the waters of the Far East. A few were accompanied by local gales of force 8 or 9 between Japan and longitude 160° E., and one caused a moderate northwesterly gale northeast of Luzon on the 13th. Otherwise so far as known none was productive of high winds.

The severest gale reported for the entire ocean occurred south of the Gulf of Tehuantepec on the 5th. Mr. B. Vieda, second officer and observer of the American steamer Nora, which encountered this wind, said of it that at 11 a. m. it "reached force 10 and kept hauling from northeast to east to southeast to south at the same force until 1:30 p. m. Heavy rain and large rough sea during the blow." The barometer at the time read 29.67 inches, which showed a depression of about two-tenths of an inch from earlier and following readings, showing that a cyclonic disturbance was at hand. Other gales, but of a more moderate character, produced by active depressions off the Mexican coast, occurred between Salina Cruz and Manzanillo on the 17th, 18th, and 25th.

Concerning the weather off this coast, Mr. J. L. Kilburn, second officer and observer of the British freighter General Smuts, makes the following comment:

From the 13th to 18th June a heavy confused swell running from a southwest to northwest direction was encountered, wind SW./WSW., force 4-6, barometer 29.70-29.80; overcast, with frequent squalls of torrential rain. This is the first time we have encountered this weather on this track—a comparatively moderate wind, steady in direction, accompanied by such a short, heavy, confused swell of such long duration and covering so big an area (3½° N.-16½° N. lat., 89° W.-103° W. lon.).

The northeast trades were steady throughout the month. At Honolulu the prevailing direction was from the east, the maximum velocity being at the rate of 22 miles an hour, from the east, on the 18th.

Fog was frequent and had increased slightly in the number of days of occurrence since May over the west-

⁴ A. m. and p. m. observations. ⁵ Corrected to 24-hour mean. ⁶ And on other date.

ern half of the upper steamship routes. Over the eastern half the increase was vastly greater, the percentage over some portions of the area between 45° and 55° N., 150° and 60° W., rising to 40 or higher where there was little or no fog reported on the preceding month. Scattered fog occurred along all the American coast north of the twentieth parallel and was as frequent off Cape San Lucas as at any point above it. In Bering Sea fog was reported at St. Paul Island on 13 days.

Storm at Valparaiso, Chile.—According to the New York Maritime Register of June 6, 1928, one of the severest storms of years at Valparaiso occurred there a few days previously. The Grace Line's new motorship

Santa Maria arrived there on May 31 during a storm of such violence that she was unable to begin discharging cargo. The gale did not abate until June 2. Seven small craft were reported wrecked in the harbor, and a quantity of merchandise lost, during the three days' storm.—W. E. Hurd.

Southwest monsoon—Sand haze.—Several vessels in the western part of the Arabian Sea experienced an unusually strong southwest monsoon during June. The heaviest winds, which at times attained the force of a whole gale, were reported on the 13th and 14th between 10° and 15° north latitude, 55° and 60° east longitude.

On several days of the month very thick weather due

On several days of the month very thick weather due to sand haze overhung the lower part of the Red Sea and

ip the Gulf of Aden.—W. E. Hurd.

CLIMATOLOGICAL TABLES 1

CONDENSED CLIMATOLOGICAL SUMMARY

In the following table are given for the various sections of the climatological service of the Weather Bureau the monthly average temperature and total rainfall; the stations reporting the highest and lowest temperatures, with dates of occurrence; the stations reporting the greatest and least total precipitation; and other data as indicated by the several headings.

The mean temperature for each section, the highest and lowest temperatures, the average precipitation, and the

greatest and least monthly amounts are found by using all trustworthy records available.

The mean departures from normal temperatures and precipitation are based only on records from stations that have 10 or more years of observations. Of course, the number of such records is smaller than the total number of stations.

Condensed climatological summary of temperature and precipitation by sections, June, 1928

	1	Temperature Temperature									Precipitation						
Section .	age.	10 E	Monthly extremes						аvегаgе	10011	Greatest monthly		Least monthly				
	Section average	Departure from the normal	Station	Highest	Date	Station	Lowest	Date	Section aver	Departure from the normal	Station	Amount	Station	Amount			
AlabamaArizona	° F. 76. 0 75. 9	°F. -2.3 -0.2	Eufaula2 stations	°F. 99 117	20	Valley Head Spring Valley ranger station.	°F. 50 21	7 13	In. 10. 16 0. 03	In. +5. 90 -0. 36	Citronelle Cedar Glade	In. 17. 89 1. 07	Alaga 80 stations	In. 3. 14 0. 00			
Arkansas California Colorado	73. 5 67. 8 57. 6	-3. 6 +0. 4 -3. 6	Amity Greenland Ranch 2 stations	100 120 100	2 19 7 2 16	Dutton Helm Creek Pearl	40 20 17	6 29 13	9. 44 0. 09 2. 15	+5. 42 -0. 22 +0. 62	Pocahontas Steele Swamp Peetz	17. 16 1. 67 8. 84	Amity 135 stations Ignacio	. 0.00			
Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana	79. 4 76. 8 57. 8 66. 9 65. 8	-0.5 -1.2 -2.4 -5.0 -5.8	Mount Pleasant Eastman Orofino Jacksonville Collegeville	101 105 103 93 92	20 20 25 12 30	Hilliard Blue Ridge Smith Ferry Mount Carroll 2 stations	53 43 21 35 35	8 8 5 10 3	6. 76 5. 93 1. 15 7. 25 7. 05	+0. 17 +1. 52 -0. 20 +3. 38 +3. 22	St. Leo Clayton Big Springs Anna Evans Landing	12. 61 10. 56 3. 41 18. 21 13. 18	Crescent City	T. 3.33			
IowaKansas Kentucky Louisiana Maryland-Delaware	64. 5 67. 3 69. 5 78. 9 69. 1	-4.8 -6.0 -4.4 -1.2 -1.8	4 stations	88 97 93 97 94	20 7 219 21 14	Mason City Healy 2 stations 4 stations Oakland, Md	31 37 45 53 34	2 5 8 6 1	5, 38 7, 35 10, 88 9, 85 5, 78	+0.89 +3.47 +6.79 +5.04 +1.85	Keosauqua Oswego Paducah Franklin Chewsville, Md	10. 31 16. 49 19. 22 19. 06 11. 57	Cherokee Elkhart Sergent Shreveport Takoma, Md	.) 2.03 3.50			
Michigan	59. 6 60. 1 77. 4 67. 7 56. 1	-4.4 -4.1 -1.4 -5.8 -3.4	Houghton Lake Beardsley Aberdeen Nevada Heron	89 93 100 91 94	22 26 20 21 25	Wolverine Meadowlands Lake Mountain Grove Conway's ranch	20 22 52 40 21	3 6 6 9	4, 53 3, 99 9, 34 11, 17 3, 27	+1. 47 -0. 27 +5. 11 +6. 50 +0. 67	Yale Tower Fruitland Park Jackson Adel	10. 50 7. 35 20. 76 22. 00 11. 37	Whitefish Point Montevideo Holly Bluff Hannibal Columbia Falls	1. 32			
Nebraska Nevada New England	63. 0 64. 7 61. 4	-6.3 -0.7 -2.2	2 stations Logandale North Grosvenor Dale, Conn.	96 112 91	30 6 15	Gordon. 2 stations. Pittsburg "A," N. H.	27 21 28	10 18 15	4. 63 0. 43 4. 79	+0.83 -0.07 +1.46	Sidney Hylton Chesterfield, Mass	7. 74 2. 14 9. 22	Wakefield 8 stations Berlin, N. H	0. 00 2. 07			
New Jersey New Mexico	66. 6 68. 7	-1.7 -0.1	2 stations Carlsbad	93 110	14 27	Charlotteburg Luna ranger station	36 25	11 2 12	6. 75 0. 57	+2.96 -0.82	Culvers Lake Quay	10. 34 5. 16	Atlantic City 41 stations	3.03			
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	62. 4 73. 0 58. 2 65. 0 74. 3	-2. 5 -0. 5 -4. 6 -4. 6 -2. 9	Dansville Goldsboro Melville 2 stations 3 stations	92 106 92 92 107	13 20 30 2 12 2 18	2 stations Mount Mitchell Melville Garfield 2 stations	28 33 24 32 40	2 16 7 8 3 4	6. 13 5. 49 5. 07 6. 79 6. 26	+2.45 +0.76 +1.57 +3.04 +2.35	Jamestown Rock House Stowers Pleasant Hill Wyandotte	11. 00 10. 53 10. 61 9. 93 15. 43	Gabriels Hatteras Power Danbury Fort Reno	1. 46 1. 88 3. 81			
Oregon	59. 9 65. 5 76. 0 61. 3 71. 8	-0.5 -2.7 -1.5 -4.7 -2.7	4 stations	105 93 102 95 96	24 14 21 5 2 19	Fremont	19 30 47 28 39	8 12 8 10 7	0. 91 7. 96 5. 58 4. 05 10. 18	-0.35 +3.86 +0.75 +0.42 +5.81	Welches West Chester Camden Timber Lake Dresden	4. 46 13. 14 13. 94 7. 58 18. 67	Hermiston Erie Marion Pierre Memphis	3. 96 2. 71 2. 18			
Texas Utah Virginia Washington West Virginia	80. 1 62. 4 70. 2 60. 7 66. 7	0.0 -2.1 -1.6 0.0 -2.6	Spur	113 108 98 105 96	28 2 20 2 20 2 24 20	Romero Park City Burkes Garden Bumping Lake Bayard	40 20 36 26 33	18 21 7 1	3. 91 0. 63 5. 09 1. 10 7. 37	+0.64 +0.02 +0.95 -0.41 +2.76	Winfield (near) Ibapah Lincoln Tye Pickens	2.84	4 stations 9 stations Roanoke Mottinger Upper Tract	2, 22			
Wisconsin Wyoming	60. 2 53. 9	-4.3 -5.3	3 stations		² 22 30	Solon Springs Hunter's Station	26 18	3 1	4. 24 3. 01	+0. 25 +1. 42	Brodhead Dome Lake	6. 76	Plum Island Green River	0. 15			
Alaska Hawaii								- -									
Porto Rico		0. 2	Arecibo	96	18	2 stations	59	14	2. 91	-3.60	Maricao			1			

¹ For description of tables and charts, see REVIEW, January, p. 29.

² Other dates also.